

I feel the need to document my thought process and the resultant events that occur as I take up a hobby given up a long time ago. In terms of this forum, my Mini Project.

After a few years of retirement, I decided to get back into building up a hi-performance street-capable race car. I originally wanted to build up a VW bug, but the vendor I wanted to buy the engine from didn't think I had enough experience with air-cooled engines. He was right, so I moved on. After a couple months of looking, I settled on a 2007 Mini Hatchback, the "S" version, with a stick shift. The one chosen was pure silver with black interior, and had about 35,500 miles on it. It's coincidental that the local NFL team, Oakland Raiders, have the same color scheme.

Since winter was coming, my first change was to put ice tires on a new set of wheels. Then I had to learn about TPMS and run-flat tires. Elected to skip run-flats but made a trip to the Mini dealer and bought a set of sensors. Wanted to ensure they were compatible with the cars ECU, and could reset them myself when I changed tires for the season. Wheels have a set of "locators" to fit over the hub, to center the wheel while mounting. Kind of a nuisance but makes for a larger selection of styles. Decided to keep the stock size, and not mess with speedometer / odometer accuracy. Bought a battery operated tire pump and a tire sealant / patch kit, instead of a spare tire. Keep it behind the back seat.

Really wanted to get a better camshaft set, but couldn't get the specs for the stock set, so nothing to compare to. The only sets I could find (Schrack) warned to check for valve clearance. Decided to forget a new cam set because I didn't want to get into relieving pistons for valve clearance. Gotta admit that I didn't look real hard for the OEM specs.

While looking for cams, I found Thumper Performance, a source for reworking cylinder heads. Personal opinion, this is a "must-have" upgrade! There are other sources for similar work, but this guy has the references and experience. I could either send him my cylinder head (gone for at least a month), or find a core for him to upgrade, then make the switch. Originally, I wanted to change the head myself, but after looking at a repair manual, I found that special tools / fixtures are needed. I'm equipped to work the old "elephant engines", but not these variable timing, ECU driven, high tech wonders. So, after he put me in contact with a previous customer, I obtained a TPR1, his upgraded head with stock size valves, drove it to my local dealer, and paid a small fortune to have them change heads. Very labor intensive! Found out the hard way that camshaft bearing caps are part of each head and NOT interchangeable between heads.

While arranging for the Thumper head, I bought other upgrades and had them delivered for me to install after the head installation. So I only drove with the Thumper head for a few miles before shutting down for more upgrades. The driving was not severe, just casual, around town stuff, but the improvement was remarkable.

First thing removed was the entire exhaust system, from the turbo to the rear bumper. It came out in two pieces, being joined at the down-pipe. Then the intake filter and pipes, following the K & N instructions, up to the part where new parts are installed. More to

remove first! The "Throttle In Pipe", as it's called by Mini Mania, was replaced completely at his point, along with installing an intake manifold pressure gauge adapter, under the MAP sensor. Both are at the rear of the engine compartment and out of the way of other work to be done.

Next to come off was the turbo. It's replaced by a Garrett GT28RS. I chose this one over a JCW version because of the three inch down-pipe. This is where the grief starts!

Turbo came from Turbo-kits.com, who, in turn, got it from ATP Turbo. I don't know which company put together the piece parts for installation, but they need to re-evaluate the pieces for a Mini '07 hatchback application! Oil fittings / plumbing are OK. Coolant hose to the engine block is OK, but its fitting at the turbo is very large and looks likely to interfere with turbo wastegate linkage. It doesn't interfere because the linkage moves away from the hose. The other coolant hose is supposed to be re-used from the original turbo, but it's about two inches too short! A trip to my local auto parts house fixed that.

After removing all the heat shields from the front of the engine, the turbo bolted nicely to the manifold. The manifold to the block was OK, difficult and a knuckle-buster, but OK. Connecting the new down-pipe to the turbo was tricky because the 3" pipe interfered with the nut installation --- had to start all nuts before tightening any of them. Like the turbo exhaust outlet wasn't designed for a 3" diameter pipe.

The down-pipe final outlet flange (it's a 2-section down-pipe) is not aimed at the center section of the exhaust "tunnel", and the flange for attachment to the engine block is not welded in the proper place. It's like the down-pipe was originally designed for another vehicle, but can be made to fit this one. The oxygen sensor, when installed, is also an interference fit with the hood. And to make it all fit under a closed hood, the underside hood support braces over the turbo housing (both sides) had to be cut away --- the turbo is too big to allow hood closure. Under hard acceleration, the torque causes the engine to rotate up into the hood. Different engine mounts should fix this problem, but also stiffen up the ride.

The rest of the exhaust system is an Alta 3" system. I bought both their cat-back muffler and 2-section down-pipe, not knowing the turbo came with its own down-pipe. The Alta down-pipe is designed to fit a Mini turbo, so it starts at much less than 3" and has different bends / curves. Not useable with the Garrett! The rest of it was used to complete the system. The whole exhaust system is about one inch too short! It's hung, but I removed a section and added another resonator to make it fit better and sound quieter. The extra resonator is a larger diameter than Alta's, and I had it installed over a brace that goes across the tunnel. The six bolts holding the brace to the chassis had to be lengthened and 1 1/2 " spacers installed for the brace to clear the resonator. Really screws up the ground clearance. The down pipe was interfering with the frame and engine due to the down-pipe flange and curvature, but that was fixed when the resonator was added.

Next I installed an Alta intercooler. It will fit but it's tight, braces need to be cut / trimmed and the hose connections are much too short --- hose clamps had to be installed and tightened before putting it in place. Note that it's not bolted in, rather "wedged" between a radiator frame and the bumper. If I had to do it again, I'd use hose couplings on the intercooler so they would protrude through the intended openings.

More turbo parts problems --- not enough hoses are supplied with the turbo. One more 90 degree hose and coupling are needed to connect the turbo to the intercooler. Also, the original turbo has a built-in electronic by-pass or BOV valve controlled by the ECU. The turbo kit has an external by-pass valve that needs to be connected.

Another turbo difference is the Garrett air supply connection is 3" diameter, so the K & N fittings won't work, and the crankcase breather tube now has no place to connect. Between turbohoses.com and ATPturbo.com, I was able to get "tee" hoses, couplings, and transitions to make it all fit. I elected to connect the new by-pass valve (BOV) output to the air intake between the MAF and the turbo --- keeps it a closed-loop system.

Finally, there's two gauges, from Alta again --- for turbo boost and coolant temperature. Both mounted in pods behind the tachometer. AltaPerformance.com neglected to enclose their own installation instructions, that include where to connect power wires, and how to route the sensor wires. Gauge mfg. instructions (ProSport) don't address wiring connections, just wire ID. I punched a hole in the floor of the center console, behind a panel on the driver side for sensor wires, just missing a wire bundle. After a phone call, Alta sent me a copy of their installation instructions --- very well illustrated. The hole I punched works for sensor wire length, has a grommet, and is filled with silicone. I also didn't expect a manifold pressure gauge adaptor to be included in the turbo kit, so I bought one from Alta. Now I have an extra. It should be noted that the coolant temp gauge did not come with a fitting to clamp into the coolant line. Gotta buy that separately 'cause they don't know which vehicle the gauge will be used in, and there's a variety of sizes. Gotta mention that the two gauges would not power up when wired together for power, as indicated by ProSport instructions. Maybe if I wired them for white lighting instead of amber, but I wanted them to match the other gauges. Finally got them to work, but no thanks to ProSport. I can furnish a wiring diagram (in PDF) showing power connections if anyone's interested.

Still need to address the heat shield issue with the larger diameter exhaust pipe. Original shields won't fit without serious bending / cutting, so I'm probably going to wrap the down-pipe section with a ceramic header wrap, and lose the original shielding. Waiting until the final tune is completed.

Next is a dyno-tune and custom ECU mapping with AccessPort (AP). That should complete my initial upgrade activity. AP is a pricey but really handy tool. While waiting for the dyno tune, emission errors pop up on a regular basis. The pre-loaded ECU maps help minimize them. Not supposed to "floor it" before a good tune up, but just "punching it" once or twice is enough to set off an alarm. The AP has been able to reset all the alarms so far and keep me out of the dreaded "limited performance" mode. A frustrating

feature is the displayed code. There's no list anywhere that I can find for the code definitions. So far, mostly manufacturer-specific codes have shown up, only one ISO standard code, P0420, and I haven't been able to get anyone to share their list. Gotta trust your tuner. But when you get an indicator, and read the code, then what?

After all parts were installed, it was started and driven around town for a few miles. While checking fluid levels, I noticed a small oil leak. Not from an area I messed with, and not readily visible where it's coming from, so made an appointment with the dealer who replaced the head for me. Dealer found a bad crankshaft seal and a bad valve cover gasket, all covered by dealer and factory warranties.

Dyno tune found another problem with the turbo installation. Seems the Garrett wastegate works opposite from the OEM wastegate. Garrett starts out closed and wants a positive manifold pressure of 10 - 12 PSI to open. The OEM wastegate is open while the engine is off, and apparently closes when the engine starts. Probably opens again as set by the ECU map. So I was forced to limp home with a temporary ECU map, and learn more about turbos. Just connecting the OEM hose to the Garrett diaphragm WILL NOT work! My temporary fix is to cap off the OEM hose and connect the Garrett diaphragm to the boost gauge hose with a tee connector. This will get me to the next dyno tune. Just before dyno, moved the diaphragm hose to a manual boost controller connected to the turbo compressed air outlet. Recommended by Alta to allow a good dyno tune. The chosen boost controller is adjustable from 0 to 30 PSI. Electronic boost controllers are not compatible with the R56 ECU without changing the waste gate diaphragm spring, and extensive re-mapping. I'll let the tuner adjust the controller, hopefully for maximum safe boost.

While at the first dyno garage, I learned what an "oil catch can" was for. Got one and installed it. It also fixed some of the hose layout issues. The OEM crankcase breather hose is pre-formed and had to be bent a lot to fit the new air intake system. Oil catch can hoses fit a lot better.

My original intent was to buy all the kits needed to upgrade specific features, shut it down, install the kits, get it tuned, then go have fun. As it turns out, each kit is designed to fit only the original Mini (or a close similarity), NOT to be interfaced with other kits. I probably paid more in shipping charges than some of the kits cost, trying to get parts to make the different kits fit. All the kits except the turbo came with installation instructions, and MOST of them were accurate and easy to follow. I learned AFTER installation that ATP Turbo has generic installation instructions on their web site.

One obvious disadvantage to doing all the upgrades at once is there's no way to evaluate the performance change of each individual part upgrade. There's also the mating of separate kit parts that are not factory, and chasing down parts that will work. The biggest advantage is just having to take something apart once.

DYNO-TUNE FINISHED! May 4 2011

Had to drive to portland, OR to get a dyno tune with AccessPort capability. Before hooking up to the dyno, a couple problems had to be fixed --- the tee coupling for the BOV was leaking like a sieve where the 1" fitting was joined to the 2 3/4 " hose - just a bad job by whoever put the two pieces together! The manual boost controller wouldn't operate the same way consistently - probably a burr inside catching on the spring. Both pieces were replaced and the car put on the dyno.

Three hours later, I had dyno results --- best results were obtained by getting to a serious boost at about 3600 RPM, then increasing by 3 more PSI to the max. This was achieved at 14 - 17 PSI where torque peaked at 232 ft/lb and HP peaked at 276. Same process was used for 17 - 20 PSI, but I didn't make note of the torque, just HP which peaked at 282. My graph can be seen at <http://accessecu.com/dyno/> when the blanks are filled in. To date, mine is the only Mini that shows up in the Surgeline database.

While waiting for the second dyno tune, I installed a pair of inserts in the lower engine mount, to try reducing engine movement under heavy load / torque conditions. Didn't work - engine still rotates enough to cause interference with the hood.

Talked to the tuners about maxing out the boost, and they tell me that a MINI "S" ECU cannot support more than about 20 PSI. Slightly more for a JCW, but the JCW MAP sensor will not function on the "S". It's possible that someone may be able to re-program the "S" ECU to accept the JCW part, but not likely. Maybe someday, there will be a big enough demand for it, and an effort will be made. At least, that's the way I understood it! My wife teases me, that I was acting like an expectant father in the waiting room. And she's right! This dyno tune was a long time from when I was ready for it.

Driving home from Portland, I continued to throw a variety of cel codes, some "fatal". There's still some map work to be done, but it shouldn't affect driving on race day, just around town. Also noted the ECU had 40.0 MPG when I got my first fill-up in OR. No self-service in OR and can't trust them to top it off. Used cruise control getting there - very relaxed trip. Slightly more aggressive coming home, and the ECU now shows a 38.1 MPG. Maybe the difference is elevation change - Portland is almost sea level, while my home is at about 4400 ft. Doing the math after topping off the tank gives 36.8MPG for 1330 miles.

The original turbo BOV connection, when left disconnected, will cause a P28b1 cel. The easiest way to prevent the code is to remove the BOV from the turbo, connect it to the cable, and zip-tie it out of the way. My BOV solenoid measures 12 ohms dc resistance, so I bought a 12 ohm resistor network, high wattage, from Radio Shack and connected it to the BOV cable. No more BOV cel, and the old turbo is still intact!

Next, I remove more metal from underneath the hood for turbo clearance. Also gonna remove the support from underneath the exhaust resonator. I'm told it's not for structural support, more like a safety net for broken exhaust pipes. Then I work with a dealer to get an ECU update to minimize the torque - steering problem. Then it's off to the races!

Probably not going to re-install the heat shields, but use some exhaust manifold wrapping, mainly for the hood scoop area.

I'm happy to discuss or explain any of the above issues, just start an email with the forum's messaging system. There's lots of details left out --- I figure 5+ pages is enough for most people.

2nd update & 2 more pages (no changes to previous pages) ---

A month or so after the dyno tune, the timing chain / tensioner started making lotsa noise. Used the Mini Roadside Assistance system to have it taken to the nearest dealer. For them to fix it no charge to me, they had to update the ECU to the current programming, which included the "torque steering" fix. Of course, I said OK. I was able to get them to wait until I was able to get there and disable the AccessPort. When I tried to re-install the AP, it wouldn't recognize the last set of Alta maps. So, I limped home again and called Alta. Seems the ECU number is part of the Alta map series, so when the ECU program changes, the Alta map name needs to be changed. A couple emails and a day later, I had a new set of maps --- back on the road! One unexpected benefit is that the persistent cel, P0420, no longer comes up. Still get one "fatal" cel, P2885, when I accelerate too much in too high a gear --- too lazy to downshift. Tuners warned me this would happen. With practice, I'll get it less often. Easy enough to reset with the AP, and it doesn't happen under hard acceleration, like on the drag strip.

Sept, 2011, I obtained an OS Giken STR clutch, lightened flywheel, and LSD. Found a guy (in Portland, OR again) to install it for me. Dealers want over \$2K and a couple days. Local shop wants about the same, but doesn't have a lot of Mini experience. Guy in Portland started about 8AM and called me about 3:30 PM to come get it. Had no problems. He has several years experience working on Mini's, and charges well under \$1K for misc parts and labor. He was recommended to me by Alta, and I also recommend him. PM Alta or me for contact info. Now I need to learn to drive with a light flywheel and a clutch that doesn't want to slip. It's still a very "streetable" machine.

Driving to Portland twice, and climbing the Sierra Nevada mountain roads all summer, has worn out the OEM tires. Put on a set of "ultra high performance" Kumho Ecsta 4X KU22 All Season tires same size and ratings as OEM (195/55/R16 & 87V), but NOT run-flats. Good price compared to others available, and has a 7" wide tread contact. I'm keeping them on OEM wheels to maintain the desired "sleeper" effect. I make an extra effort to NOT attract a lot of attention, during normal driving.

As I get used to driving with an LSD and light flywheel, I notice that the "launch" performance isn't what it used to be! Alta maps have a typical launch RPM of 4500. No matter how much I slip the clutch (or try to slip it), there's still a significant loss of performance before the Garrett produces any boost. My guess is that the combination of the LSD and 7" tread width is causing too much traction for the light flywheel. The whole concept of lightening the flywheel is to allow quicker RPM ramp-up. This is done by creating less inertia at the crank. Disadvantage appears to be that RPM's decrease

faster also! So, when the clutch is released, the load seen at the crank is enough to lower the RPM's so the turbo isn't boosting. Working with Alta, they're sending me another set of maps with increased launch RPM's - 5000 & 5500. We'll see!

I gotta mention tho, the light flywheel makes for a noticeable increase in higher RPM acceleration. Anyone interested in rally or track performance should consider this upgrade. As it sits now, I'm NOT competitive on a drag strip! How it will affect launching with an OEM or hybrid turbo shouldn't be as significant as with the Garrett.

Tried slipping the clutch from a 5000 RPM launch. To keep the RPM's in the boost range, too much slipping is necessary --- takes too long to get moving, so the 5000 RPM launch isn't gonna work! This with the new Kumho's. Now that winter has arrived, I changed to my winter ice tires. Tried the 5500 RPM launch map and it works great --- with the ice tires! I'm gonna gamble on being able to get similar performance with the Kumho's, and ask Alta to change all 4 of my maps to a 5500 RPM launch. By the time winter is gone, I should have learned how to slip the clutch enough to use the Kumho's on the drag strip. Hopefully, I won't need special racing tires.

That's it so far --- no more upgrades planned for several months. I'm investigating the various water / meth injection systems as a potential upgrade. Stay tuned for a 3rd update to this journal.

October 2012

Nope, can't use my Kumho's on the strip --- no traction when turbo is boosting. So, my latest investment is a pair of 225/45R17 BF Goodrich Drag Radials and matching 17 X 7.5 rims. Looked at other popular racing tires - Hoosier, Yokohama, Nitto, Hankook, Mickey Thompson, softer Kumho's, etc and either couldn't find a size to fit, or it wasn't right for drag strip (for autocross instead). Chose the Goodrich because of the "UTQG" rating of 00BC, figuring it was the softest of the bunch. Now I might have to go with no launch RPM limit - first trial caused launch RPM's to immediately drop below turbo boost range. These are some STICKY tires! Minimum tire slippage at high boost. Just gotta practice slipping the clutch at launch.

Looked at a couple of the more popular Water / Methanol Injection systems, and when Aquamist had a group buy on their new HFS-4, I signed up. Looked at the instructions and various installation options for a couple days, then took another couple days to install it --- I'm slow, it could be installed in less than a full day IF you've done it before. Next, find a source for methanol, preferably local, and small quantity --- 5 gallons or less. First source sells it out of a 55 gallon barrel, using your container. Problem here is they use a common pump for all their barrels of "stuff". This results in contaminated methanol! Didn't realize how sensitive the system was until it quit working. Only took half a tank to fail. So, 5 gallons of waste meth. Second source was a 5 gallon container of "Industrial Grade" meth. Found out after another failure that Industrial Grade means used once already --- another 3 - 4 gallons of waste meth. By now, the system is completely fouled with contaminants, and all the fluid handling components had to be

replaced. Replacement costs were more than the group buy savings --- an expensive learning process! More searching and I finally found some good stuff. All this took about 3 months, and I still don't have an ECU map to optimize the WMI. Kudos to Jeff Howerton for his patience and helpfulness in getting my WMI to work at all.

I wanted a WMI system primarily for keeping the cylinder chambers clean. With 280+HP and OEM bottom-end engine parts, more HP is risky. So, I opted for a 50 / 50 water to meth ratio mix. I'm told that this ratio seldom works for typical upgrades, and a ratio of 25% water and 75% meth is minimum acceptable. 100% meth is preferred. I consider my upgrades to be atypical, so a 50 / 50 mix should be workable.

After lotsa data logging, I finally got an AP map to use for WMI. Using the ever-popular "butt-dyno" the new map with WMI enabled, is at least as good as the last map without WMI. So, theoretically, I'm now getting the benefits of WMI cooling / cleaning, with no apparent power loss. Eventually, I'll arrange for another dyno tune, and if necessary, increase the WMI ratio for more meth. Before increasing the ratio too much, there's a fail-safe feature in the HFS-4 that needs to be connected. Due to my turbo being independent of the ECU, I left it disconnected. Hardware is available to make the fail-safe work with my Garrett, but I don't have it, yet.

What's next? I'm considering looking into a way to increase the boost beyond the OEM limits of 22PSI (MCS, not JCW). Some months ago, Jeff Perrin of Alta indicated there might be a way to defeat the limit using the AP. This didn't work out, so the next alternative is to add a voltage limiter between the MAP sensors (both of them), so the ECU doesn't see the "over boost". From what I've read on various forums, there are several checksums built in that will probably not allow this to happen, without causing some other fault to appear. I'm thinking of trying it anyhow, because my turbo is completely independent of the ECU. There might be some relationship with fuel flow, or air / fuel mixture. Have yet to find anyone that's successfully defeated the MCS ECU boost limits. Maybe I'll get lucky ---

In the meantime, this thing is a blast to drive. Yes, it handles different than most, throws a limp mode CEL when I get careless, and burns a lot of rubber when I demonstrate its capabilities. I'm thoroughly enjoying my second childhood toys!

November, 2012

Went online to look for a piece of equipment to limit the ECU boost signal. Found out it goes by a couple different names --- Fuel Cut Defender (FCD) or Boost Cut Defender. Of the few I found, I decided on a pair from the UK. A guy on e-bay, using the name "PocketRocket", is selling his home-made version. Lotsa issues with buying from an e-bay supplier, especially an admitted DIY'er from overseas. HOWEVER, his product is well described, it functions as I expect a voltage limiter (zener diode) to function, and the price was right. I recommend it highly for the R56.

Not too difficult to install --- I put them in the glovebox, next to my WMI controller. Cable holes were already punched and other wires already routed. Just had to add more wire. Painful having to remove the battery for working space, but it made the installation a lot easier than working around a battery. One problem was the FCD wire length --- not long enough to mount inside, away from the engine heat. I really want to keep this kind of electronics away from heat. In all probability, there is no circuit protection for adjustment stability, and heat will affect component values. So I spliced his wires to a set of 6' audio / video cables.

Connecting them to the sensors was not as simple as it could have been. MAP sensor on the manifold is 3-wire, while the sensor over the wheel well (2 different sensors) is a 4-wire harness. The 3-wire setup was easy enough --- power source is a twisted pair leaving only the signal wire. The 4-wire harness uses the same colors as the 3-wire with the obvious 4th wire. Problem is, the boost sensor wire is not the same color in both sensors, as I assumed it would be. Power source is the same color twisted pair. So I had to re-do that one signal connection. Easy enough to find out which wire is which, IF you have access to a voltmeter --- boost sensor tracks boost immediately, while the temp sensor is significantly slower to change. I don't recommend doing this without a good DC voltmeter, and someone else to either read the meter or drive to create the boost while you do the other, altho it can be done.

Adjustment process is well described. I adjusted mine one at a time using my voltmeter, disconnecting the first one to do the 2nd. I didn't want any interaction, and since I'm not sure what function each one performs, I thought it best to isolate the setup. There is a remote possibility that only one FCD is required to prevent the overboost CEL. I was too anxious to complete the install, than to try the FCD's separately. Adjustment process is:

- Set MBC to initiate overboost signal --- 22+psi
- Measure sensor output --- mine was 4.0VDC at 22psi
- Connect FDC
- Drive to create max boost while measuring at FDC
- Adjust FDC to a voltage less than overboost voltage --- I set mine to 3.9VDC (one complete turn on the trimpot corresponds to about 0.1VDC)
- Disconnect FDC signal wire
- Repeat the above for the other FDC, except don't disconnect when finished (this is a good time to find out if only one FDC will work)
- Reconnect first FDC and enjoy

I found that 1st and 2nd gear overboost would not cause a CEL, just lousy performance. Probably common knowledge, but not documented anywhere I've looked. Made it easier to adjust the FDC's, by not having to get up to high speeds.

Another issue is, when datalogging with an AccessPort, boost data will not exceed the FCD setting. So to determine actual boost you need an external boost gauge. I have yet to learn how this will affect my next dyno tune. So far, and just for checking my work, without using my WMI system and custom map, I've had the boost up to about 25psi, in 3rd, on my ProSport gauge, with no CEL. Until I get on a dyno, the MBC is dialed back to 22psi --- the original dyno tune is for 17 - 20psi.

So, bottom line is, the 22psi ECU limit for the R56 MCS can be defeated. The concern is, you gotta have the turbo to provide the extra boost. Then you gotta find a tuner with the expertise to make it all work. And a "remote tune" probably won't cut it! I'm only familiar with two on the west coast, and one of them isn't working with AccessPort any more.

April, 2013

Still no dyno tune. Working with Cobb, So Cal, and will eventually make the trip there. Gotta get past some personal problems first. Maybe this Fall, before the snow flies.

Last month, I ordered and installed a Hotchkis rear anti-roll bar, the 25mm hollow tube version. Connect the tie rods to the center hole. Not a lot of fun, but can be done by one person without any special tools. Makes a significant difference on high speed cornering, i.e., freeway clover-leaf on ramps. Haven't tried it on a track, yet.

My original OCC install consisted of the catch can connected to the line feeding the turbo inlet, nothing else. This means the hose from the valve cover to the intake manifold is still in use. After several months of driving with the OCC, there was still no oil showing on the OCC dipstick. After seeing several online posts with pics of their catch, I did some research.

According to the Bentley manual, the line to the turbo is used when manifold pressure is "under load". The line to the intake manifold is used during "deceleration or idle". Since most of my driving is not under load (I use a lot of cruise control and highway driving), the OCC wasn't getting used. So, the question is, should I cap the manifold line, or route it to an OCC? Because of cost and ease of installation, I took the cap option. Bought two vent caps from my local Audi dealer, part number 036131510, removed the hose, and installed them. Peugeot also sells them as #0361.S4, and ECS Tuning sells them online, all for about \$10 each. Didn't take long to catch oil in the OCC. Hard part is figuring out how to remove the hose without breaking it. Once you see how the vent cap is designed, it's pretty easy to figure out.

After a couple tanks of gas, I noticed crankcase oil level was down a quart. This is the first time this has happened - this engine hasn't burned oil in the 20K miles / 2 years I've driven it. First guess is crankcase pressure is forcing oil past the valve stems into the combustion chamber. This implies the vent plugs I just installed messed things up. So, I ordered a Dual Boost Tap, bought some hose and a "tee" fitting, and connected the rear (passenger side) valve cover outlet to the existing OCC. While in there, I disconnected the turbo air inlet hose for a quick look. Worst fears realized --- oil puddle in the air chamber!

Made a couple calls about turbo repair / replacement. One shop that knows Garrett turbos, told me that high crankcase pressure can cause oil to "backflow" thru the turbo oil drain line, and cause the symptoms I'm seeing. Resolve the high crankcase pressure

issue, and the oil consumption problem will go away. Then there's an oily mess to clean up --- from the turbo air outlet to the intake manifold. This is several months after the initial OCC install. I've created the very mess the OCC was installed to prevent! The WMI system should keep the rest of the lines clean, once the oil source is removed.

After reading some of the various threads on OCC's, oil consumption, and bad smells, it's my guess that they have a similar problem --- 2 vent caps installed, or a dual boost tap adapter connected with the plug installed. I still don't understand how this adapter can read boost when it's connected to the crankcase / valve cover vent line. Maybe if installed at the manifold end of the hose and then plugged, but I don't know what's happening inside the throttle control box.

Anyhow, I installed a BSH Dual Boost Port Adapter on the valve cover, in place of the hose --- plugged the boost port connections, but not the main vent. Then routed a hose from this adapter to a "tee" I added to the OCC inlet hose. I'm trusting the Bentley manual when it indicates that only one of the two vents are active at any time.

After a lot of oil cleanup, a month or so of driving, and a couple tanks of gas, there seems to be no more oil consumption or leakage thru the turbo. It's pretty easy to remove my turbo inlet hose to check it.

There are those who say I'm "all wet" with this theory, 'cause they've had virtually no problem with their OCC single line install. It's my belief that it's all dependent on driving habits --- with the rear "low pressure" vent plugged, there is little or no pressure relief in the crankcase, so it builds up until it finds a path out --- in my case, the turbo seal. I've read where others have leaking valve cover gaskets --- another probable pressure relief path. My valve cover has been removed / replaced a couple times, so not a weak spot. The "burning oil" smell often noticed, in my case was probably from the oil puddle in the turbo air inlet chamber. When the engine is off, fumes can escape thru the air filter. There was also oil residue on the turbo outer surface, and the oil hoses aren't leaking.

During this time, I ran a compression check. Had to chase down a 12mm hose adapter, then had 23" of hose to do the test. Hopefully, this is what caused all my readings to be low --- 110 - 115psi with a cold engine. Since then, I've shortened the hose and re-run the test. Hose length (plug to gauge) is now 16". With engine cold, one 110psi cylinder changed to 105psi and with a hot engine the same cylinder read 95psi. I'm not concerned with the low readings, as long as the four cylinders are close together --- no blown parts, just normal wear and tear. Two years ago, a dealer checked it for me and reported 168 - 171psi. No indication of equipment used for the test. They may have run a "leak-down" test to get readings that high!

Another interesting note --- the start button will cause cranking for 17 secs before stopping by itself. Engine cranking can be stopped anytime by pressing the start / stop button again, or releasing the clutch pedal, while it's cranking. I had been afraid to try it with all plugs installed, so went on-line for info. Makes the test a lot easier to run.

May 2014 update

Not much activity between April '13 and May '14. After lotsa discussions on NAM and MA, I was finally convinced that my PCV was shot -- not relieving crankcase pressure when manifold was positive PSI. So, in late 2013, I changed the valve cover myself, no warranty. Still using the dual OCC with both vents connected, nothing blocked. Since then, nothing else was changed, I was just adding miles.

In Feb 2014, I signed up with "Hooked On Driving" for a session at ThunderHill Raceway in No. Cal. Our local Mini Club, Sierra Nevada Minis, had a couple members interested in driving the course, so I went along. I adjusted my boost controller down to about 20PSI, to not stress the engine too much. Just before lunch, half way thru my second run, my "trainer" noticed smoke from the engine compartment. After an early exit from the track, I found my valve cover was warped enough, from turbo heat, to allow oil to get all over the exhaust pipe. Three years of driving with no turbo shield, and never got it this hot. Sure was having fun for awhile tho!

ThunderHill Raceway is located about 150 miles from my home, across the Sierra Nevada mountain range -- lotsa uphill, high elevation driving. While limping home, I noticed the oil was only leaking when manifold pressure was positive. Now I'm wondering if the PCV can handle the high boost with both vent lines in use. In order for the Dual Boost Tap to monitor boost, there must be a direct opening between the intake manifold and the valve cover rear vent -- no "control valve" in-between. Which means manifold boost is present at the valve cover's PCV system. More on this to follow --

Early Feb, after ThunderHill, I decided to update the "engine internals" -- CP Carrillo rods / pistons (10.5:1 instead of the recommended 10:1), and SuperTech valve springs. While it's all apart, the head went back to Thumper, with both manifolds. He matched both manifolds to enlarged head ports, cleaned up the valves (instead of a walnut blast), installed the new springs, matched the exhaust manifold to the Garrett adapter and exhaust gasket, and ID'd the head as "Mod", next to his TPR1 mark. Now the head and manifolds are a matched set. Gotta get this thing on a dyno!

During the rebuild, had all kinds of grief -- OS Giken flywheel is the early version, without the 90 deg timing feature. I was able to get a scrap unit from a dealer, install it (after pulling the whole engine / transmission), then finding the special timing tools, timing it, and switching back to the Giken unit. I'm too cheap to invest in an updated Giken flywheel. Just gotta do the timing right the first time! Pulling the entire drivetrain was NOT part of the original plan. While it's apart, I changed all the tranny seals. Changing these seals really should be done with the Bentley recommended tools. I improvised, and had one huge mess!

More on tools -- not really special, but I had to buy a nice set of torx (male) and star (female) sockets. Had a small set of torx bits that fit a screwdriver handle, but head, rods, flywheel, all used these in LARGE sizes and needed lotsa torque. Never even heard of "star" sockets until this rebuild. More tools to find storage space for!

Mid March, the head came back, I started putting it all back together, and discovered the need for another tool --- the Injector Seal set, for installing a teflon seal on each of the DI lines. Should have done the DI lines first, at the dealer. But no, I had the head installed, timed, and almost all the other bolt-ons mounted, before doing the DI system. One week later, I had the right tool and changed the seals. Pricey and hard to find. Dealer was willing to change them for me, BUT he needed the head and the DI system at the same time. Seems there's a few minutes window between changing the seal and installing the sealed line in the head. The teflon seal expands --- doesn't stay compressed when installed, making it nearly impossible to mount in the head outside that window of time. My options were start over and take the parts to the dealer, or buy the tool and do it myself. I bought the tool!

Another "shoulda done" was bleed the air conditioning lines before pulling the engine. It made lotsa noise and a mess on the floor when the lines were disconnected.

Back to the valve cover --- newest one is shot, so I did a "destructive evaluation" on its PCV system. Not real thorough, but I'm going to try a fix on my original unit. Assuming the vent to the turbo is blocked, I'm punching a hole from the valve side of the cover to the vent outlet. This creates a constant opening for crankcase gasses to the turbo (via the OCC). The rear vent and the manifold connection have both been blocked off with the caps again. And, I'm only using half the dual OCC. So, effectively, the PCV system has been disabled --- there are no smog requirements where I live.

Also added a home-made turbo shield. Don't want to repeat my ThunderHill fiasco. I used the original shield parts, cut one to fit between the turbo and manifold then added a couple wraps of asbestos around the turbo, avoiding the waste-gate linkage. I also enlarged the cut-outs in the hood, to allow for the shield under hard acceleration.

Now, early May, the car is running, with no codes. My memory is better than I thought --- no pictures or cable markers were used, but I'm pretty good with jig-saw puzzles. This was a big, messy, 3-D puzzle! The only left-over parts are associated with the OEM turbo, which I don't need. Had a couple minor "do-overs", but nothing serious. A few minutes after the first engine start, there was a small coolant leak. Chased it down to a cracked aux coolant pump, the one for the turbo. I was kind of rough with it while parts were all over my garage, and didn't notice a hairline crack. Painful to change on a fully assembled car, especially with the oversized turbo.

Still gotta complete a break-in procedure for the new rings / rod bearings. I'll save a new compression test 'til after break-in is complete. So far, with minimal stress on the engine, my modified PCV system seems to be functioning OK --- no codes. I'll know more when break-in is complete, and / or I drain the OCC. And, as I've been working on for a couple years now, try to find a tuner willing to work with my mod package. Maybe the beefed-up bottom end will help. More to follow ---

July 2014 update

The first couple weeks of break-in was done during daylight hours. When I finally turned on the lights, the horn sounded off! Finally chased the problem down to a couple switched connectors -- one horn and the adjacent orange side marker light connectors are interchangeable and the light harness is only slightly longer, so I missed it.

Then my valve cover mod allows oil to splash into the PCV hose, filling the OCC really fast -- not acceptable. So, another new valve cover. Compression test numbers are still low using my tester, but within 5PSI of each other, so I'm calling it OK.

Went on a short day trip with the local Mini club and found another problem -- two loose hose clamps, one on the turbo air outlet another on my BOV. Don't know if I just didn't tighten them enough, or did engine torque pull them loose. There's a lot of engine movement (rotation) under hard acceleration, hoses might not flex enough.

Break-in complete, connected the MBC and set it to about 28PSI. On another event with the Mini club, on Hwy 50 in the middle of nowhere, I was 4th of 5 cars passing a truck at about 75mph. We all passed, one after the other. On my turn, I kept on passing the first 3. When I was past the 1st one my digital speedometer was at 129, RPM was 6K, and I was in 5th gear (6 speed manual). Still pulling strong when I let up. Wife was having a fit and I had an ear-to-ear grin! When the event was over, I didn't return home with the club, but went on to Salt Lake City for a long-awaited AP dyno tune.

Ziptie Dynowerks, just south of SLC is the only tuner I could find near the west coast still using the AP. My AP didn't have the latest firmware so that took another hour to download. Pre-dyno testing showed compression at 160 - 165PSI. They have a Mustang dyno for 4-wheel drives, but turning off my ASC allows everything to work properly. I explained my on-going issue with CEL P2885, which I believe is caused by the turbo spooling later than the ECU expects. They duplicated the problem and tuned so the CEL will be minimized. I asked for a non-linear power curve, where HP and torque rise faster then level off. My Cobb / Alta tune is linear. Then I learned that the same map will produce different results, depending on whether it's in 3rd or 4th gear. I asked for both charts, but will probably only brag on the one with the highest numbers.

Then on the way home, between Wendover and Wells, I lost boost. Pulled off at a rest stop and had serious smoke at the exhaust. Got a AAA flatbed ride to Wells, decided not to troubleshoot, and got another flatbed ride home. Troubleshooting at home found compression within 5 PSI of each other, but a turbo shaft wobbling all around. Turbo has 35 - 40K miles and is almost 4 years old. So, while turbo is off to ATP Turbo, FMIC and air ducts are being cleaned, and I'm in the waiting mode again. Working with ATP Turbo, I decided to upgrade to a GTX2860R. My original GT had a boost limit of 27PSI without exceeding reliability limits. The X version can be set to 30 with no issues. I will however need to raise the default wastegate setting from 12 to about 15PSI -- a minor adjustment, BEFORE the turbo is installed. There will be a penalty of about 50RPM in

spooling with this turbo, we'll see. Ziptie says a minor tune adjustment can be made remotely, if required.

Found out the hard way that when running 30PSI boost, the turbo compressed air outlet hoses need to be clamped really good. Clamps aligned evenly on the hose, not on the "ridge", and TIGHT! Manual Boost Controller settings are not the same for this new turbo. The original would only adjust to 28PSI, while the "X" version pegs my boost gauge at 30. Adding in an "elevation correction" for my driving area altitude, -3PSI, my max boost gauge reading is 33PSI. I had it pegged when a hose clamp came loose. Embarrassing while reconnecting a hot, loose, hose clamp on the side of a well travelled (for Northern NV) highway. Not a lot of fun either. At least I have the sense to carry a good set of tools with me, while on trial / test runs. Finally got the MBC adjusted to a max boost of 30, so now to check it out with the Ziptie tune. Test runs were on the last Alta remote tune -- to compare turbo performance. There is a longer time before spooling, but I haven't yet measured it. Considerably more than the salesman's 50RPM.

Feb 2015 update

In an effort to minimize the hoses coming loose, I changed the ones between the intake manifold and the fender-well MAP sensor to "Hump" hoses -- they allow a little more flexing during engine torque. Also started looking around for a better lower engine mount and / or passenger-side upper mount.

When I replaced the turbo, I also removed the asbestos wrap -- too much trouble to wrap it around the new turbo -- wrong installation sequence. During the Feb 2015 HOD event, I was constantly checking for valve cover heat damage. My homemade shield seems to be working -- no heat damage.

As for the PCV issues, my last effort didn't work. Next attempt was to hook up a vacuum pump to the OCC output. The OCC input is to the valve cover. Intake manifold port was capped and the pump dumped to atmosphere under the car. Thought process was to maintain a constant vacuum on the PCV system. The other half of the dual OCC is connected to the driver side PCV outlet, and will probably never get used. Turns out that the vacuum pump didn't produce enough vacuum to activate the PCV system. It was powered with "key on" power, had objectionable noise and vibration, and was a pain to mount and plumb. Larger units are available, with more capacity, but more of a pain and cost, and probably still not enough capacity to simulate manifold vacuum. Removed it and installed a vacuum check valve between the intake manifold and OCC output. OCC input is on the valve cover. This system worked as desired, until it saw 30 PSI. Seems the unit is two pieces, input and output, press-fit together. 30 PSI blew it apart! Fab'd a clamp to hold the two halves together, and tried again. After a month or so, and 3 - 4 tanks of gas, it seems to have stopped oil collection in the turbo air inlet chamber -- the result of excessive crankcase pressure. OCC produces slight amounts of fluid on the check valve side, nothing on the high pressure side. Oil consumption seems to have decreased significantly also, but I've said this before and was too quick to call it correctly. We'll see!

Couple months after turbo replacement, the thermostat housing started leaking at the gasket —- plastic housing warped. Service tech suggested using silicone sealant outside the gasket to help prevent future leaks (I was talking with them after buying a replacement housing. Didn't re-use the old one). I managed to salvage the coolant lost while changing the unit. It was all new after rebuilding the engine, and I'm starting to get frugal, with spousal help.

Attended MiniThunder VI but didn't enter the event. Chose to sign up with Hooked On Driving on the day before. Had a blast! Still a beginner, so I couldn't really get the Mini to perform like I wanted. Learned a lot tho. During the Mini event, I spent my time at the dyno facility —- MCE Racing. Jan, of RMW was there doing tunes. As expected, he doesn't want to get involved with my "radical" mod list. Both Jan and Jeff Perrin have advised me "when to stop" and I have NOT taken their advice. Anyhow, I had two dyno pulls performed on two different ECU maps, all in 4th gear —- Ziptie's last version, and Perrin's last remote tune. I really wanted to see how the new turbo performed on my latest map choices. The best of the four shows 312 WHP and 321 # torque. The curves are not ideal anymore —- slopes and peaks need to be adjusted, but who to do them, when the best two in the business (my opinion) won't touch it? Jan is developing a new ECU for the R56, but it's not available for a few more months. It's supposed to be better suited for those of us with oversized turbos. Like the military —- "hurry up and wait"!

Also bought a new lower engine mount from Collin Greene while I was at MiniThunder. Haven't read any bad reviews on it, yet. Hope to get it installed next time I'm under there draining my OCC. I have quite a lot of engine movement, and don't trust my new "hump" hoses to absorb it all. My NM mount doesn't seem to be good enough for the torque I'm getting.

Jan 2016 update

Replaced my 5 year old Kuhmo "summer" tires. Even alternating them with Michelin Ice tires in winter, they finally wore out. Pretty low mileage, just soft rubber. Replaced them with Bridgestone RE760 Sport —- thinking about some high speed trial runs —- "flying mile" stuff, etc. Got the Vibra-Technics lower engine mount installed too.

Had one of my 90 deg. "hump" hoses go bad. Really thin material and it developed a hole on the inside bend. Lotsa flexing at the intake manifold. Removed one of the "hard pipe" mounting bolts, the one near the MAP / temp sensor. This allows more hose / pipe movement under high torque with less stress on the hoses.

Also had my external BOV go south. Replaced it with a TurboSmart adjustable version. This time, I did not connect it as a closed loop system —- the "exhaust" or blowoff is dumped to the atmosphere. This was done as part of my on-going attempts at cleaning up my PCV issues. About the only time the crankcase has pressure is when idling or the engine has minimal load, but with my driving habits, this is enough to cause oil burning, not much, but it still happens.

Biggest news is I finally got another tune. Made the trip to EuroTechs in Tempe, AZ and went thru the process of installing a stage 4 Manic tune. Took a couple days because the source is in the UK --- about a 7 hour time difference. Data logging was scary, 'cause we used freeways instead of a dyno. Fortunately, traffic was light and hiway patrol was "elsewhere". Also noticed a significant performance boost, just from the elevation change --- from 4500' to about 1300'. This was before the Manic install. For those not familiar with Manic, there are 3 different new maps plus your original map. I chose to use my last AccessPort map as the default, or original. This way I still have the 312 WHP available, and the AP is still functional --- not for changing maps, just for monitoring, data logging, and code reading. All three new maps have a new idle RPM of 900 --- eliminates the tendency to surge at idle, which was under 700. Map "A" will be for running without WMI (which I had to use on the way home --- I managed to waste almost a gallon of the mix I took to AZ with me). Map "B" is for daily driving and 80 / 20 WMI mix. It's "suggested" that I switch from 50 / 50 --- maybe the tune works better? Tuner's preference? Anyhow, I'm gonna be using more methanol now. Map "C" is for 100% methanol and will probably be scary as hell!

After the initial install, we did a bit more data logging, then drove to the local dyno. I wasn't expecting much of a change, so you can imagine how I felt when they told me all three maps put down over 350 WHP! Torque is still about 320. Chart is posted with this version of my journal. Did a bit more fine tuning, paid my bill, and started the return trip home. One side effect of all the data logging was more than usual time at 30PSI boost and one of the post-turbo hose clamps worked loose --- out in the middle of nowhere. An easy fix this time, but scared the hell out of me.

Speaking of 30PSI --- let me assure those that doubt it can be done, Manic can tune an MCS to 30PSI, and possibly more. How it's done is "proprietary", but believe me, the performance is there. I added a switch to the FCD's before my trip to AZ, so they are not in the circuit with Manic. When I run the original, or base map, my FCD's will be switched on. My external boost gauge is still functional. I'm leaving the FCD's installed but with a switch so the original AP map will still be useable.

Switched spark plugs to the next colder version, stock # NGK1422 (ILKR8E6). Runs a bit smoother, even before the Manic install.

Next task is to change the WMI ratio and get it to another dyno --- find out what the fine tuning did and check performance with the higher WMI ratio. Planning on Thunder Hill in mid-Feb --- not to track it, just to watch friends and get a dyno run. I'll post the chart.

Now I gotta start worrying about the rest of the drivetrain. And, check the conditions that have been causing my P2884 / P2885 CEL's. Manic might have been able to eliminate them. Haven't seen them since the Manic install, but also haven't duplicated the conditions that usually cause them.

July 2016 update

The BOV was reconnected as a closed loop system -- the ECU wasn't happy and produced an occasional cel. No affect on PCV oil burning. Took awhile to get the BOV adjusted properly, might still have to add a washer or two (furnished with the BOV kit).

Found out that Manic tunes, when operating temp is adjusted down to 185 F, and the car is equipped for USA, there might be an issue with the coolant temp reaching "proper" operating temp. The ECU expects coolant to be at this "proper" temp within about ten minutes of driving or a cel is initiated -- not the limp mode, just a cel. This only happened after the winter chill and daily temps were in the 70's. Manic knew of this issue, but there are multiple fixes available, and mine had the wrong one. Another trip to EuroTechs (in conjunction with a grand-kids HS graduation) and it was fixed.

Thunder Hill dyno, 5 gals of 100 octane added to about 7 gals of 91 octane, and 80 - 20 WMI, with map "C" and it pulled 361WHP. Dyno operator swears his new dyno "reads about 20 low", but that's OK, I'll take his chart as is. Chart is posted either with this journal or in my "garage". EuroTechs tells me that my 361WHP is the highest in the country that he knows of, for a "street-able" R56. And after 6 months and about 5K miles of driving, no more P2884 / P2885 CEL's.

Drag strip performance -- local strip in Fallon NV, is at 4000' elevation. Before my Manic tune, I could get 13.99ET and maybe 101MPH -- not very desirable for my investment. I suspect there's a significant difference in drag strip performance at 4K' vs. sea level, so July 20 I made it over to a Sacramento drag strip. Same fuel and WMI mix as the dyno pull, and map "C". 1st run was 14.26ET and 111MPH, and yes, it was scary as hell -- torque steer and fishtailing all the way. Soft track tires, not for drag strip use, were the cause of fishtailing. Big turbo combined with light flywheel causes loss of inertia at launch, so slipping the clutch is the only way to get going. Not a good drag strip combination. Don't ask about my reaction time -- it's under one sec but just barely. 2nd run was worse -- 14.52ET and 107MPH, and about half way, the windshield got a spray of oil and coolant. Back in the pits, found fluids everywhere, so that finished my day at the strip. Towed it to the local dealer for a diagnostic the next day. They diagnosed at least a blown head gasket, and possibly other issues. I declined repairs and towed it home.

During my initial inspection at home, noticed the dipstick wasn't fully inserted. Compression blow-by must have popped it out, allowing oil to squirt everywhere. Also found a water hose at the thermostat housing completely disconnected -- more compression blow-by? Two weeks later, the engine is out, heads off, and I've got a serious problem -- #2 piston and cylinder wall both have a hole. Inspecting cam bearing surfaces on the head, found all five intake journals slightly galled -- caps too. Similar results on the intake cam. Exhaust is OK. Cam lobes on both appear to be OK too. So, new cams are needed too. Looking at Schrick and Cat.

Next, I gotta get some pricing, then decision time --- After a couple days of thinking about it and getting some pricing, I decided to rebuild, just not necessarily at 360+ WHP. Remanufactured N14's are about \$4.5K --- I should be able to rebuild for less. We need a second car and the Mini is just too much fun to lose. Found a bare block w/crank and took my Thumper head to a machine shop to see if it was repairable --- its not! During engine teardown, found several small ball bearings loose in the oil pan and trapped in the oil filter screen. A couple small circular pieces of metal too --- like part of a bearing. Also noticed the turbo has an almost imperceptible lateral "in/out" movement, not up/down or front/back. This, combined with high oil consumption thru the turbo, leads me to believe these ball bearings are from the turbo. Probably nothing to do with the damaged piston / cylinder wall, just another problem waiting its turn. This is my opportunity to replace the turbo with a smaller one, more appropriate for the Mini --- less boost but better (minimal) turbo lag.

So, repairs have started --- head was stripped to salvage Supertech Beehive springs. Rods were sent out for new wrist pin bushings, melted aluminum removal (on one), and balancing. Turbo warranty has expired, so I partially disassembled it myself, to inspect for bearings. Convinced myself that's where my loose ones came from and started looking at other turbo sources, primarily Borg Warner EFR 6258 & 6758. Their Matchbot tool will help me decide which one is best for my next build. Bare block w/crank is in the mail, and I'm working with Thumper for a replacement head. Block will be stripped then sent for machining. When cams have been selected, I'll order a set of 77.5mm, 9.5:1CR, CP pistons, notched for a high-lift cam.

Nov 2016 Update

Getting lazy in my old age, so I decided to continue this "journal" as a thread. Makes it easier to post pics and stay current as things happen. A thread titled "From the Baddest to the Deadest" was started in August 2016 and has been kept current. It describes the failure and thought process that went into the "what's next" phase. Here's a couple links for different forums---

<http://www.northamericanmotoring.com/forums/drivetrain-cooper-s/306100-from-the-baddest-to-the-deadest.html#post4236091>

<http://www.motoringalliance.com/forums/373501-post1.html>

As repairs and rebuild start, another thread will be started --- already in rough-draft, and I think I learned how to post a pic directly, without having only a thumbnail version. I'll try it in a thread titled "OldBrokenWind's "Phoenix"" --- the title is my attempt at more word-play. The above links will also include a link to this rebuild thread --- hopefully started within the next day or so.